

Office of the Attorney General State of Texas

DAN MORALES
ATTORNEY GENERAL

November 21, 1996

Ms. Joanne Wright
Associate General Counsel
Texas Department of Transportation
Dewitt C. Greer State Highway Bldg.
125 East 11th Street
Austin, Texas 78701-2483

OR96-2157

Dear Ms. Wright:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 102480.

The Texas Department of Transportation (the "department") received a request from an employee for information regarding an incident that occurred in the Tyler District office. You have released most of the requested information to the requestor but assert that the highlighted portion of one document is excepted from required public disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code.

Section 552.301 of the Government Code provides that a governmental body must ask the attorney general for a decision as to whether requested documents must be disclosed not later than the tenth calendar day after the date of receiving the written request. You acknowledge that the department failed to meet its ten-day deadline for requesting an opinion from this office.

When a governmental body fails to request a decision within ten days of receiving a request for information, the information at issue is presumed public. *Hancock v. State Bd. of Ins.*, 797 S.W.2d 379 (Tex. App.--Austin 1990, no writ); *City of Houston v. Houston Chronicle Publishing Co.*, 673 S.W.2d 316, 323 (Tex. App.--Houston [1st Dist.] 1984, no writ); Open Records Decision No. 319 (1982). The governmental body must show a compelling interest to withhold the information to overcome this presumption. *See id.* Normally, a compelling interest is that some other source of law makes the information confidential or that third party interests are at stake. Open Records Decision No. 150 (1977) at 2.

You assert that the information you seek to withhold would violate certain employees' common-law right to privacy. Information must be withheld under section 552.101¹ in conjunction with common-law privacy only if the information is highly intimate or embarrassing and it is of no legitimate concern to the public. Industrial Foundation of the South v. Texas Industrial Accident Board, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976), cert. denied, 430 U.S. 931 (1977). While the information you seek to withhold may be highly intimate or embarrassing, the common-law right of privacy does not protect facts about a public employee's misconduct on the job or complaints made about his performance. See Open Records Decision Nos. 438 (1986), 219 (1978), 230 (1979). Consequently, we conclude that you may not withhold the requested information from required public disclosure.

We are resolving this matter with an informal letter ruling rather than with a published open records decision. This ruling is limited to the particular records at issue under the facts presented to us in this request and may not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records. If you have questions about this ruling, please contact our office.

Yours very truly,

Todd Reese

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

RTR/rho

Ref.: ID# 102480

Enclosures: Submitted documents

cc: Mr. Robert Hall 106 Pine Hill Drive Henderson, Texas 75652 (w/o enclosures)

¹Section 552.101 excepts from required public disclosure information that is considered confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision.